26 August 1961

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CENTRAL

INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



25X1

DIA and DOS review(s) completed.

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26 August 1961

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS

25X1		
	2.	USSR: Remark of Rumanian President may be trial balloon to determine US reaction to possible visit by Khrushchev. (Page 11)
	3.	France: National Defense Staff chief may be removed; De Gaulle's relationship with armed forces could be adversely affected. (Page 11)
	4.	Dominican Republic: President Balaguer in speech to Congress re-emphasizes his commitment to democratization. (Page 11)
25X1		

25X1



*Soviet Bloc: Rumanian President Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej has told the US chargé in Bucharest that he plans to "visit New York" this fall. This suggests that he will attend the UN General Assembly session, which begins on 19 September. Since he probably would not attend unless other bloc leaders also participated, this remark may be a trial balloon to determine US reaction to a possible visit by Khrushchev. Lastfall, bloc officials made several hints of this kind in diplomatic circles before they openly announced that they would attend the UN General Assembly. Moscow may feel that Khrushchev's presence at the UN could lead to a second meeting with President Kennedy and provide an opportunity to arrange subsequent Four Power negotiations over Berlin. Gheorghiu-Dej also stressed that Moscow's position on negotiations over Berlin was "entirely flexible" and that ways could be found for both sides to save prestige.

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25X1

France: There are indications that General Jean Olie, who became chief of the French National Defense Staff in March, may soon leave the post. He had been relatively close to De Gaulle, but recently they have been rumored at odds over Algerian policy. Olié's early departure could adversely affect De Gaulle's relationship with the armed services. One of the key elements in the armed forces' acquiescence in De Gaulle's policies, particularly on Algeria, is the personal prestige of the Defense Staff chief. Olie's predecessor, General Paul Ely, had been retained in the position for nearly three years after his normal retirement age because of the difficulty of finding a successor acceptable both to De Gaulle and the armed forces.

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25X1

Dominican Republic: President Balaguer's address to the Dominican Congress on 24 August is likely at least temporarily to strengthen his position vis a vis the Dominican military officers who have been demanding a restoration of dictatorial government. The President re-emphasized his commitment

ii

26 Aug 61

DAILY BRIEF

25X1

25X1	for restraint, an its unreserved so government. On for the President eral Ramfis Trupressing for Balaguer repeate and specifically if Congress repu	emocratization, appealed to all Dominion demanded that Congress either given upport or accept the resignation of his 25 August, Congress expressed its at. Despite evidence of the past week jillo has been swayed by the officers aguer's replacement by a military regardly associated Ramfis with his objection of the president's program. This did attend the President's program.	e him s entire support that Gen- who are gime, tives resign s tactic	
25X1	main in power w	from Balaguer's estimate that he car ithout the backing of Ramfis, who he vable to control the armed forces. [(Backup, Page 4)		
			25^	
	9.6 Aug 61	DAILY DDIES	iii	
	26 Aug 61	DAILY BRIEF	111	

Next 6 Page(s) In Document Exempt

25X1

Since July, when Olié and the individual service chiefs of staff were reported unhappy over De Gaulle's bypassing them in handling the Bizerte crisis personally, there have been several reports of Olié's dissatisfaction.

There have been subsequent reports of increasing military unhappiness over Algeria, particularly over De Gaulle's decision to move a second army division to Europe.

26 Aug 61 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 3

25X1

25X1

The Situation in the Dominican Republic

The most immediate requirements for stability in the Dominican Republic are greater restraint on the part of opposition elements and the re-establishment of control over the police and military to prevent continued reprisals against the opposition. Only a few hours before President Balaguer's address to Congress, a procession of several thousand oppositionists in the capital city was attacked without provocation by armed thugs backed up by uniformed police. Whether this and recent bloodier incidents in the interior reflect the actions of individual officers on the scene or a directive from Ramfis Trujillo is uncertain. In any event, Ramfis might have trouble if he should attempt to restrain his subordinates from further reprisals. Although there are some high-caliber officers in the Dominican military, many others are semi-literate, have no concept of the role of the armed forces in a democracy, and are convinced that they have everything to lose from Balaguer's democratization program.

In his address to Congress, which was broadcast to the public, Balaguer declared his conviction that the government that replaces his after the elections scheduled for next year must be a coalition government employing "capable men without regard to the position they adopted during the past regime." He stated that "reactionary forces," within the government and the official Dominican party, are "systematically opposing any reform that might endanger the leading position that they have held for the past 30 years." He warned "these influential figures" that they will have to "drown the country in blood if they attempt to remain in power against the will of the people." He said he will resign if Dominican progress is delayed by "the brutality of police action and the excesses of repressive violence." He sought to absolve the armed forces from blame for events during the 30 years in which "all moral and legal responsibility" was assumed by "the great man in power." He appealed for restraint on the part of the opposition and urged all Dominicans to look to the future, not the past.

Balaguer's forthright address will win him stronger backing from the moderate opposition leaders of the widely backed National Civic Union, which has heretofore adopted a reserved

25X1

Page 4

26 Aug 61 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

25X1

25X1

Page 5

nists.

On 24 August, Pr	resident Balaguer asked the An	ierican
consulate to make the	necessary arrangements for the	he travel
through the United Sta	ites on 27 August of the late did	ctator's
widow and several of	her grandchildren and other re	latives who
are going to Europe.]
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and enhanced opportunities for Communists and pro-Commu-

26 Aug 61 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



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25X1

The National Indications Center

The Director

